

Lattices of torsion classes

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Joint with Osamu Iyama, Nathan Reading, Idun Reiten and Hugh Thomas.

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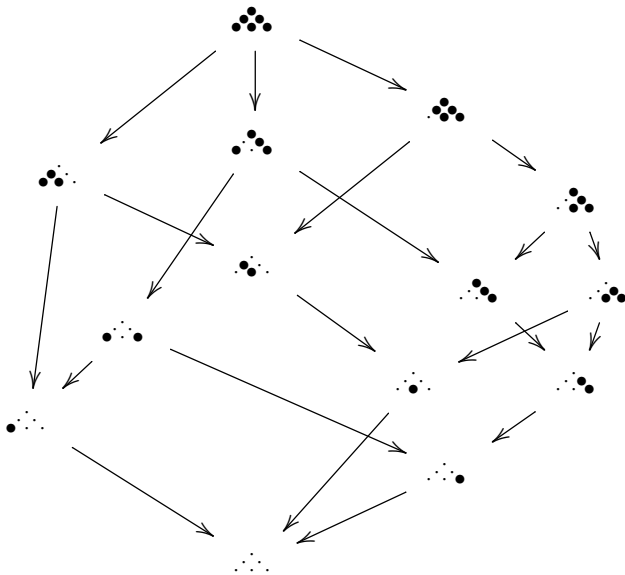
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[$\pi(\mathcal{T} \vee \mathcal{U}) = \pi(\mathcal{T}) \vee \pi(\mathcal{U})$ and $\pi(\mathcal{T} \wedge \mathcal{U}) = \pi(\mathcal{T}) \wedge \pi(\mathcal{U})$].

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From now on, $\# \text{tors } A < \infty$.

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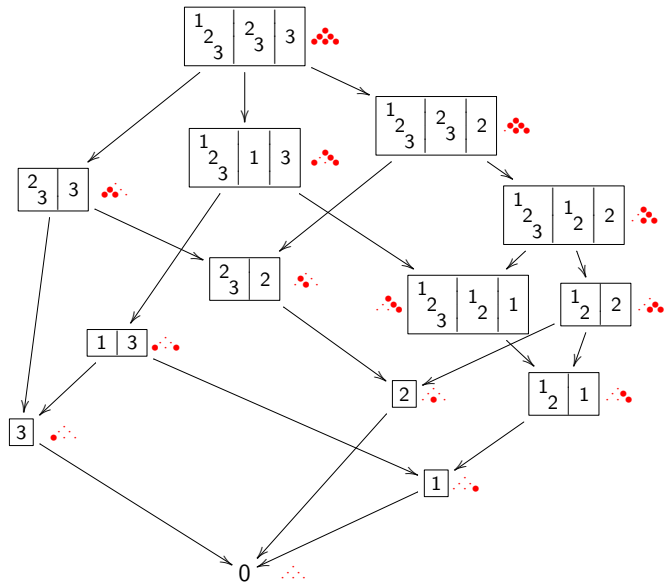
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Theorem [Adachi-Iyama-Reiten]

- 1 Fac gives a bijection $s\tau\text{-tilt } A \rightarrow \text{tors } A$ (rem: $\#\text{tors } A < \infty$).

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Theorem [Adachi-Iyama-Reiten]

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- 2 $\exists T \rightarrow U$ in $\text{Hasse}(s\tau\text{-tilt } A) \Leftrightarrow T \cong T_0 \oplus X$, $U \cong T_0 \oplus X^*$, X and X^* indecomposable (or $X^* = 0$), $X \notin \text{Fac } T_0$ and

$$\exists X \xrightarrow{u} U \rightarrow X^* \rightarrow 0,$$

u left min. $\text{add}(T_0)$ -approximation.

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Theorem [D-lyama-Jasso, Asai, DIRRT]

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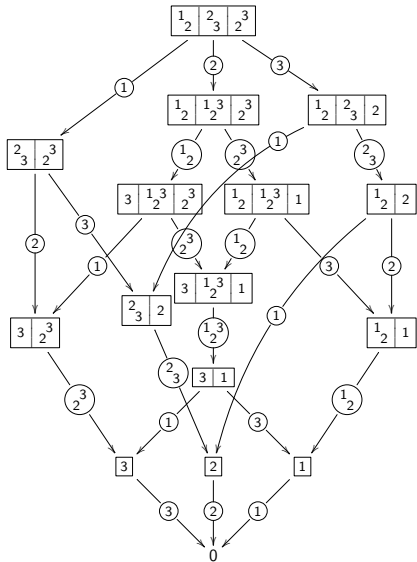
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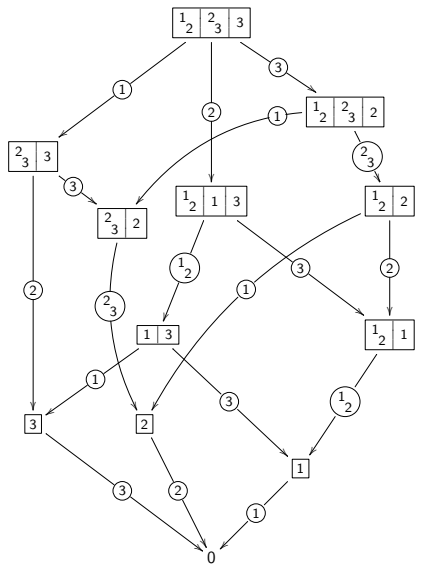
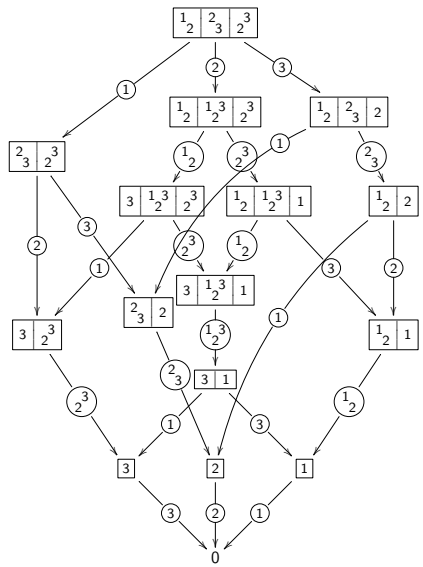
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- 2 $q \mapsto S_q$ gives a bijection $\{q : \mathcal{T} \rightarrow \mathcal{U}, \mathcal{T} \text{ is } \vee\text{-irreducible}\} \rightarrow \text{brick } A$.

$$\Lambda = \mathbb{C} \left(1 \xrightarrow{\alpha} 2 \begin{array}{c} \xrightarrow{\beta} 3 \\ \xleftarrow{\beta^*} 2 \end{array} \right) / (\alpha\beta, \beta\beta^*, \beta^*\beta)$$



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Forcing order and brick labelling

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$q, r \in \text{Hasse}_1(\text{tors } A)$

$q \rightsquigarrow r$ if $\forall \pi : \text{tors } A \twoheadrightarrow L$ (lat. quot.), π contracts $q \Rightarrow \pi$ contracts r .

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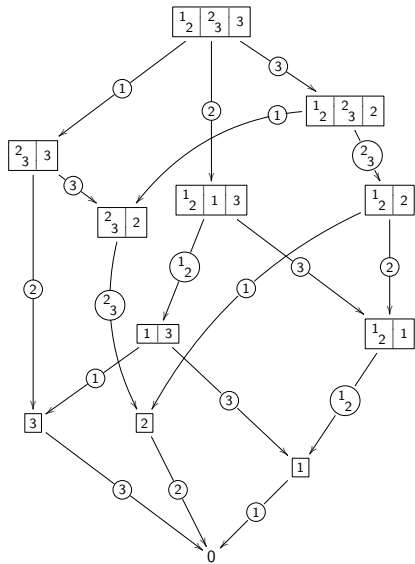
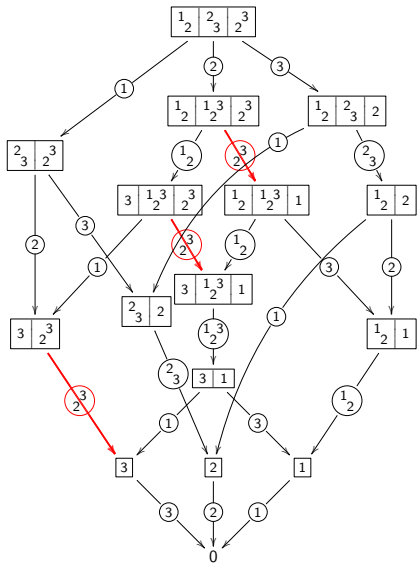
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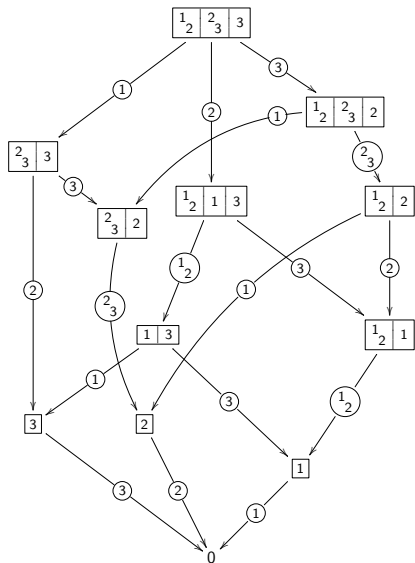
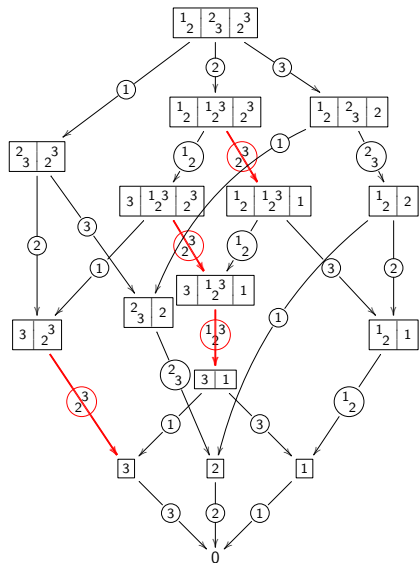
\rightsquigarrow on brick A is the transitive closure of

- $S \rightsquigarrow S'$ if $S' \in \text{Filt}(S, S_2, \dots, S_n) \setminus \text{Filt}(S_2, \dots, S_n)$
for $\{S, S_2, S_3, \dots, S_n\}$ semibrick.

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- 2 If q is not contracted by π then $S_q^{(A)} = S_q^{(B)}$.

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