

GOVOROV–LAZARD TYPE THEOREMS, BIG COHEN–MACAULAY MODULES, AND COHEN–MACAULAY HEARTS

TSUTOMU NAKAMURA

ABSTRACT. Let R be a Cohen–Macaulay local ring with a canonical module and let A be an R -order. We report that a Govorov–Lazard type theorem holds for the category of weak (balanced) big Cohen–Macaulay modules over A . This theorem, which is a generalization of a result due to Holm for the case $R = A$, enables us to show that every complete pure-injective big Cohen–Macaulay A -module is a direct summand of a direct product of finitely generated CM A -modules, provided that R is complete. This fact is well known if R is artinian. We also study big Cohen–Macaulay modules over a non-Cohen–Macaulay local ring R , using the Cohen–Macaulay heart of R .

1. INTRODUCTION

Let A be a ring and denote by $\mathbf{Mod} A$ (resp. $\mathbf{mod} A$) the category of (right) A -modules (resp. finitely presented A -modules). Let \mathcal{C} be an additive subcategory of $\mathbf{Mod} A$ closed under direct limits. It is a delicate problem in general whether every module in \mathcal{C} can be presented as a direct limit of modules in $\mathcal{C} \cap \mathbf{mod} A$. If this is possible, we say that a *Govorov–Lazard type theorem* holds for \mathcal{C} , and write

$$\varinjlim(\mathcal{C} \cap \mathbf{mod} A) = \mathcal{C}.$$

For example, it is well known that $\varinjlim \mathbf{mod} A = \mathbf{Mod} A$. Govorov [3] and Lazard [4] independently proved that $\varinjlim \mathbf{proj} A = \mathbf{Flat} A$, where $\mathbf{Flat} A$ (resp. $\mathbf{proj} A$) denotes the category of flat (resp. finitely generated projective) A -modules. Moreover, for an Iwanaga–Gorenstein ring A , Enochs and Jenda [2] showed that a Govorov–Lazard type theorem holds for the category $\mathbf{GFlat} A$ of Gorenstein-flat A -modules, where $(\mathbf{GFlat} A) \cap \mathbf{mod} A$ coincides with the category of finitely generated Gorenstein-projective A -modules. If A is not Iwanaga–Gorenstein, a Govorov–Lazard type theorem may not hold for $\mathbf{GFlat} A$; this is due to Holm and Jørgensen [6].

2. RESULTS

Let R be a commutative noetherian local ring. An R -module M is called (*balanced*) *big CM* (=Cohen–Macaulay) if every system of parameters of R is an M -regular sequence. We call an R -module M a *weak big CM* if every system of parameters of R is a weak M -regular sequence (cf. [5]). We denote by $\mathbf{WCM} R$ the category of weak big CM modules. Then $\mathbf{WCM} R \cap \mathbf{mod} R = \mathbf{CM} R$, where the right-hand side denotes the category of (maximal) CM modules. Holm [5] showed that $\varinjlim \mathbf{CM} R = \mathbf{WCM} R$ holds for any CM local ring R with a canonical module. Our first result extends this to orders over a CM local ring R

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with a canonical module. Recall that a (possibly noncommutative) R -algebra A is said to be an R -order if A is CM as an R -module. We denote by $\text{CM } A$ (resp. $\text{WCM } A$) the category of A -modules being CM (resp. weak big CM) as R -modules.

Theorem 1. *Let R be a CM local ring with a canonical module and let A be an R -order. Then we have*

$$\varinjlim \text{CM } A = \text{WCM } A.$$

If R is artinian, then A is an Artin R -algebra, and then It is well known that every pure-injective module over a A is a direct summand of a direct product of finitely generated A -modules. Using the above theorem, we can extend this fact to an order A over a complete CM local ring R . Note that a *CM* (resp. *big CM*) A -module means an A -module which is CM (resp. big CM) as an R -module.

Corollary 2. *Let R be a complete CM local ring and let A be an R -order. Then every pure-injective complete big CM module is a direct summand of a direct product of CM A -modules.*

By André' noble work [1], every commutative noetherian local ring R admits a big Cohen–Macaulay module. On the other hand, it is still an open question if every complete noetherian local ring R admits a (finitely generated) CM R -module. This question is known as the *small CM conjecture*. Then there might be little hope that we could have $\varinjlim \text{CM } R = \text{WCM } R$ in general. So we would like to give another formulation.

Assume that R is a homomorphic image of a CM local ring. We use the *Cohen–Macaulay heart* \mathcal{H}_{CM} of R introduced in [7]. This is the heart of some compactly generated generated t-structure in the (unbounded) derived category $\text{D}(R)$. There are several remarkable facts: \mathcal{H}_{CM} is a locally coherent Grothendieck category and derived equivalent to $\text{Mod } R$. Furthermore, we have

$$\mathcal{H}_{\text{CM}} \cap \text{Mod } R = \text{WCM } R.$$

Denote by $\text{fp}(\mathcal{H}_{\text{CM}})$ the subcategory of finitely presented objects in \mathcal{H}_{CM} . The locally coherence of \mathcal{H}_{CM} implies that a Govorov–Lazard type theorem holds for \mathcal{H}_{CM} , that is, each object in \mathcal{H}_{CM} is a direct limit of objects in $\text{fp}(\mathcal{H}_{\text{CM}})$:

$$\varinjlim \text{fp}(\mathcal{H}_{\text{CM}}) = \mathcal{H}_{\text{CM}}.$$

Hence we have:

Proposition 3. *Let R be a homomorphic image of a CM local ring. Then every weak big CM module is a direct limit of finitely presented objects in \mathcal{H}_{CM} .*

Remark 4. When R admits a dualizing complex D (such that $\inf\{i \mid H^i(D) \neq 0\} = 0$), there is an equivalence

$$\text{RHom}_R(-, D) : (\text{mod } R)^{\text{op}} \xrightarrow{\sim} \text{fp}(\mathcal{H}_{\text{CM}}).$$

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DEPARTMENT OF MATHEMATICS
FACULTY OF EDUCATION
MIE UNIVERSITY
1577 KURIMAMACHIYA-CHO, TSU CITY, MIE, 514-8507, JAPAN
Email address: t.nakamura.math@gmail.com